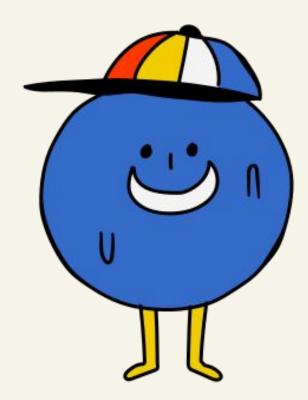


How to Help Your Child Understand and Label

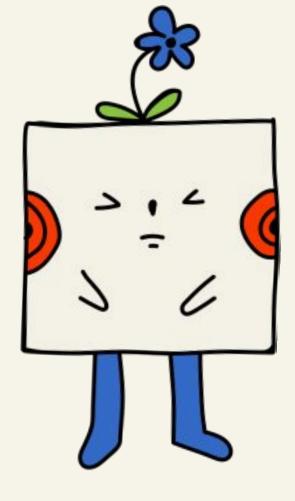
Emotions

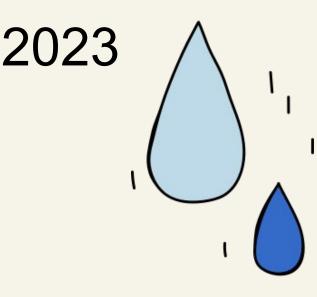


Thursday November 30th, 2023

Colleen Penzone

Molly Weber





Molly Weber

Molly Weber is the Early Intervention Program Coordinator at Northeastern Educational Intermediate Unit #19.

NO COST 6:00-7:00 pm Via Zoom

EMOTIONAL GROWTH

AND RELATIONSHIPS

PARENT LEARNING

SERIES

Colleen Penzone

Colleen is a PA Program-Wide Positive Behavior Interventions and Supports (PBIS) Facilitator.

September 28th. Understanding ABCs of Behavior October 26th. How to Use Positive Language to Improve Your Child's Behavior November 30th. How to Help Your Child Understand and Label Emotions January 25th. Understanding Early Intervention Services and Eligibility

More Information & Registration

neiu19



Questions? info@wearewellkind.com 570-346-8719 Visit Our Website www.wearewellkind.com



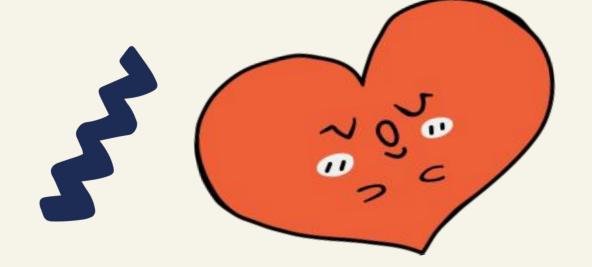




Who is here with us?







Resources

NCPMI

The Pyramid Model is a framework that provides programs with guidance on how to promote social emotional competence in all children and design effective interventions that support young children who might have persistent challenging behavior. It also provides practices to ensure that children with social emotional delays receive intentional teaching. Programs that implement the Pyramid Model are eager to work together with families to meet every child's individualized learning and support needs. To learn more about the Pyramid Model, please visit ChallengingBehavior.org.

Backpack Connection Series

The Backpack Connection Series was created by TACSEI to provide a way for teachers and parents/caregivers to work together to help young children develop social emotional skills and reduce challenging behavior. Teachers may choose to send a handout home in each child's backpack when a new strategy or skill is introduced to the class. Each Backpack Connection handout provides information that helps parents stay informed about what their child is learning at school and specific ideas on how to use the strategy or skill at home.



Ideas that Work-Office of Special Education Programs

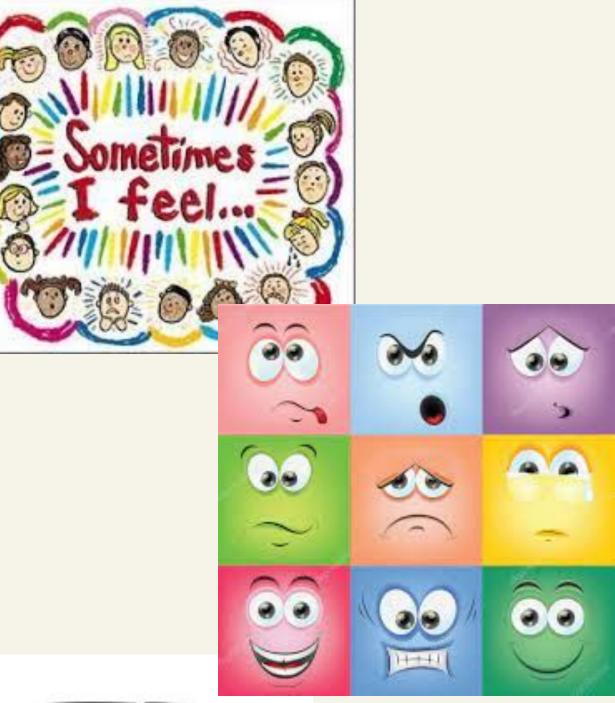
The Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) is dedicated to improving results for infants, toddlers, children and youth with disabilities ages birth through

21.

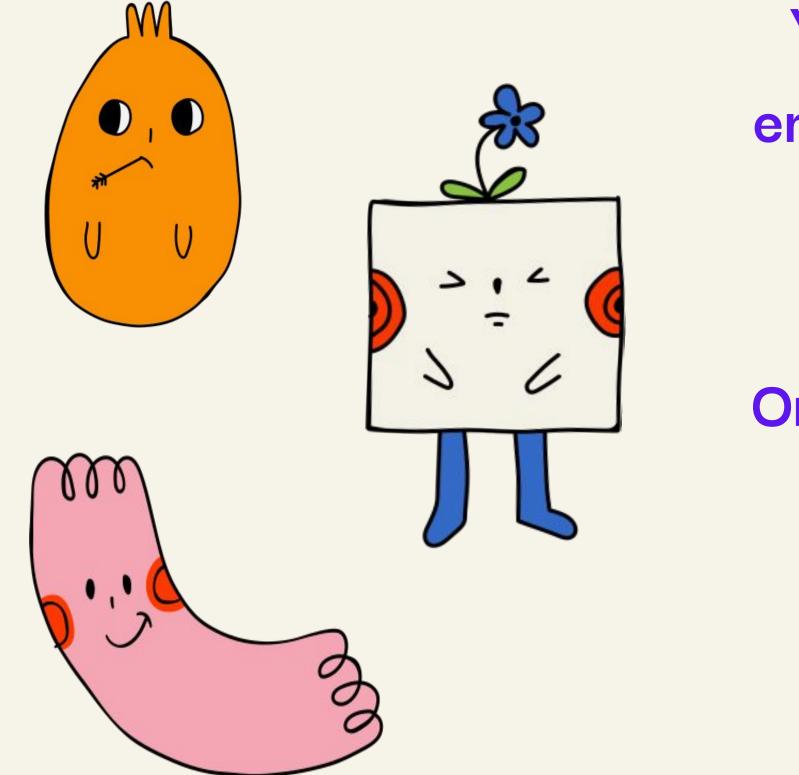
What is Emotional Literacy?

The ability to identify, understand, and respond to emotions in oneself and others in a healthy way.





Emotional Literacy



You can help your child expand their emotional vocabulary by teaching them words for different feelings.

Once they understand these words you can help them to label their own feelings and the feelings of others.

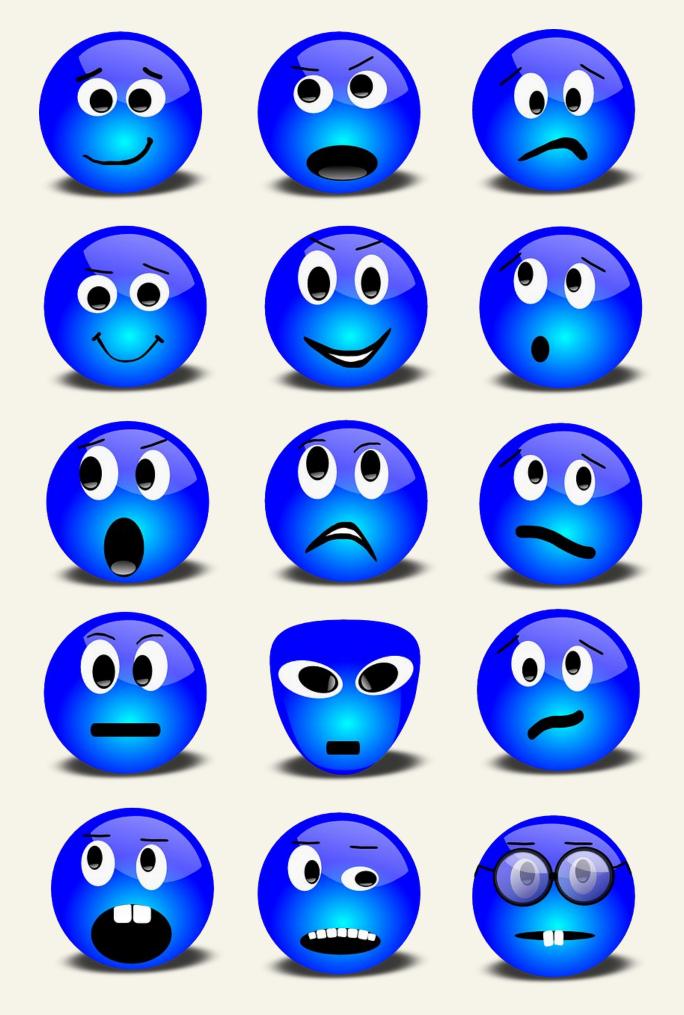
Try This Instead!

Label it:

"You look sad and disappointed."

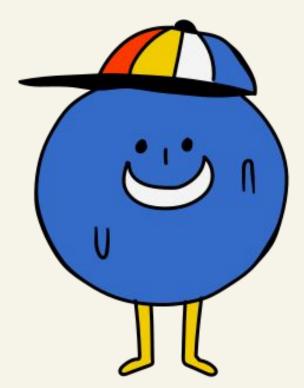
"Sometimes I feel that way too. I wonder what we can do to feel better?"

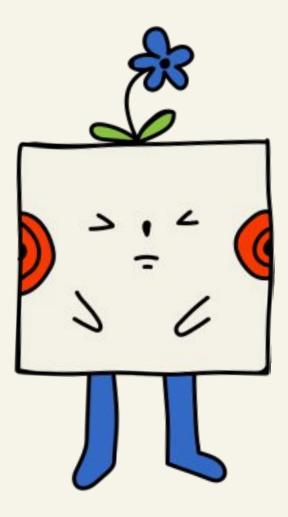
Give them the Vocabulary to use

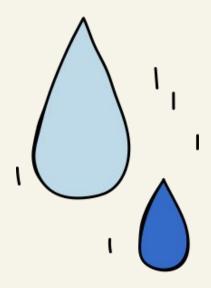




Teaching your child about their emotions can be a fun and rewarding experience and prevent challenging behavior from occurring in the first place.







Try This at Home

Simply state how your child is feeling. "You look really excited! I see your eyes are big and your mouth is open."

State how others are feeling. "Wow, that little boy is really mad. I see he is crying and making fists with his hands. I wonder why?"

5

State how you are feeling. "I am really frustrated that the lawn mower is broken. I think I'm going to take a break and come up with some solutions to this problem."





Use books as teaching tools. List of children's books.

Practice at School

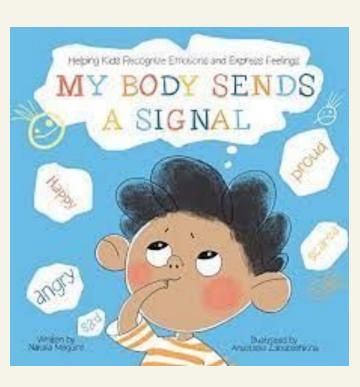
Talk with your child's teachers to see how they are teaching your child about emotions at school. Many emotions are seen and experienced at school. With adult help, children are taught how emotions look and feel on their bodies.

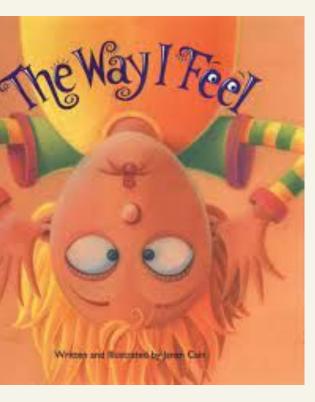




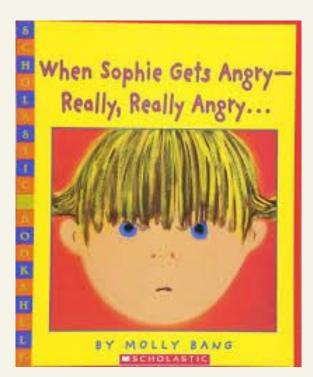
Practice at Home

Through books and real experiences, teachers show that a child looks sad because he is crying or mad because her fists are tight. As children begin to recognize what emotions look like, they can begin to manage their own emotions and show empathy toward others.



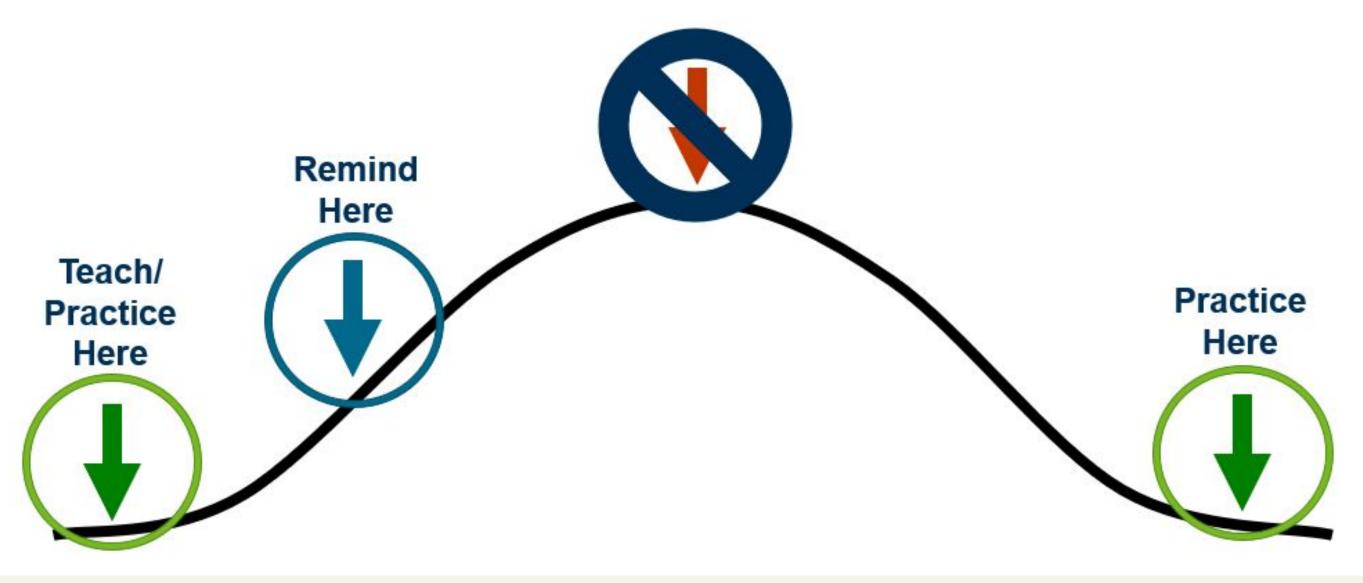




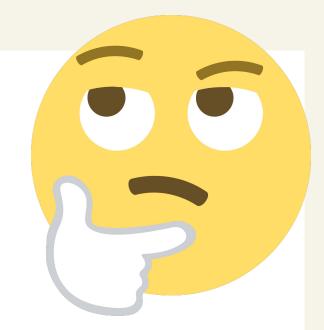


When Do We Teach Emotions?

Meltdown/Behavior (Teaching Skills Ahead of Time)







Remembering to include emotions other than

> Happy Sad Angry



Affectionate ► Agreeable Annoyed Awful Bored ► Brave ► Calm Capable Caring Cheerful ► Clumsy Confused Comfortable

Cooperative
 Creative

► Cruel

- Curious
- Depressed
- Disappointed
- Disgusted
- Ecstatic
- Embarrassed
- Enjoying
- Excited
- Fantastic
- ► Fearful

Fed-up
 Free
 Friendly
 Frustrated
 Gentle

- Generous
- Gloomy
- Guilty
- Ignored
- Impatient
- Important
- Interested
- ► Jealous

- Joyful
- Lonely
- ► Lost
- Loving
- Overwhelmed
- Peaceful
- Pleasant
- Proud
- Relaxed
- Relieved
- ► Safe
- Satisfied
- Sensitive
- There are a lot of Emotions!

- Serious
- ► Shy
- Stressed
- Strong
- Stubborn
- Tense
- Thoughtful
- Thrilled
- Troubled
- Unafraid
- Uncomfortable
- ► Weary
- Worried

Validating Feelings

<u>Remember</u>, it is important for your child to be able to have the feelings they are feeling. If your child is angry or sad, it is okay for them to be angry and sad.

It is our job to help them find ways to regulate their emotions.

You told me you are sad...

"Do you want to look at pictures?"

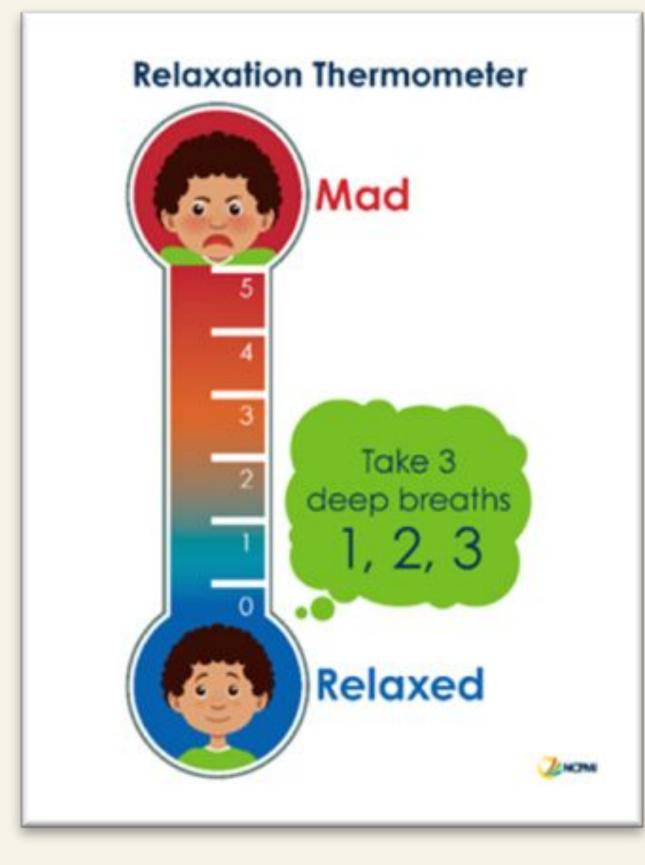
"Would you like to have a hug and cry for a little bit?"

"Do you think calling grandpa will help you feel better?"





Tools for Regulating Emotions



Listen to Music R3 R2 23 070







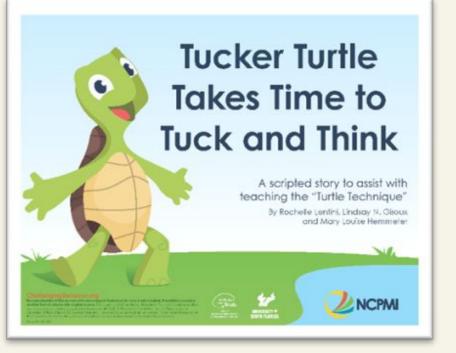
These Property in the second child The more













Backpack Connection Series

About this Series

Backpack Convertion Series wa ted by TACSE to provide a way pether to help young children onal skills and tedhate ch ehautor Teachers may ch is stay informed about what the ild is learning at school and specific charactering for shift of her-

The Pyramid Model

More Information

nation and reso uf other topics are available on our ebsite. ChallengingBehavior.org.



How to Help Your Child Recognize & Understand Anger

we apareties, point import were toor carring pool angly show cars to rese in poor dealings of apareties (There are a many through there and children angles, and children feel angles in different ways — just a adults dis. Perhaps you were taught a sholl the apareties angly sins in different of other angles were. That if is important to teach you child that its neural to get angly. Often, the first stop parents must take to out a paties through they themasteries were taught as there are As with all set Against When your childrs able to eling and say. "I'm angry?" it reduces the chances that he will act out



P Try This at Home

- factors and label when you, your child or others are angry. You might say:
- About powset! "Sam faving angry in my body by hear is hearing fast and life! Har is witano avade Lan going bit sale some deep learth is take down."
 Orractice at School
- About your child. 'I can see that you are anyry' Your hands are making a fist and your eyes are log.'
- · About others, "I see that little girl is angra ! searcher schat happened. What do you think might help har to calm her body?"
- Becourage year child to move, but a subtry elevant atma at the give an log paing for a run, physical movement helps children to change their body experiment. Buch you child to yell into a pillow or pash an the wall. However, don't encourage your child to het others or hit alignots live want children to let go of their anger without hitting in hurting otherd.
- ergen withhoud hitting or hurting ithera's I haad benkk benul hitting anyon, falle with your child about what the character is being and anyon incitig and some ap only bloss that might help, that can find anny books and achietters to help your child learn about emotions at thing), that can find particular at boot out adultion to hold sense.
- Caiming down is a skill that children must learn. Young children do not understand the words "calm down." Eacher Turtle is a story that helps, children understand how to calmdown. It can be a great tool for teaching this

USF

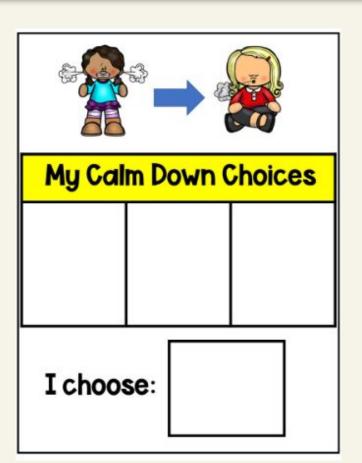
 Pupperts and toys are great to use for rol playing situations that your child understands. "Wow, this bon is very angry. Her solar took her toys! She is stompting her feet and roaring

Children can become anyry at school for a variety of reasons. Teachers help children understand that everyone Beels angry and shows the class positive ways to calm down, such as taking a d breath or feeding a quiet place b and find a solution that works for them. By feel angry teal

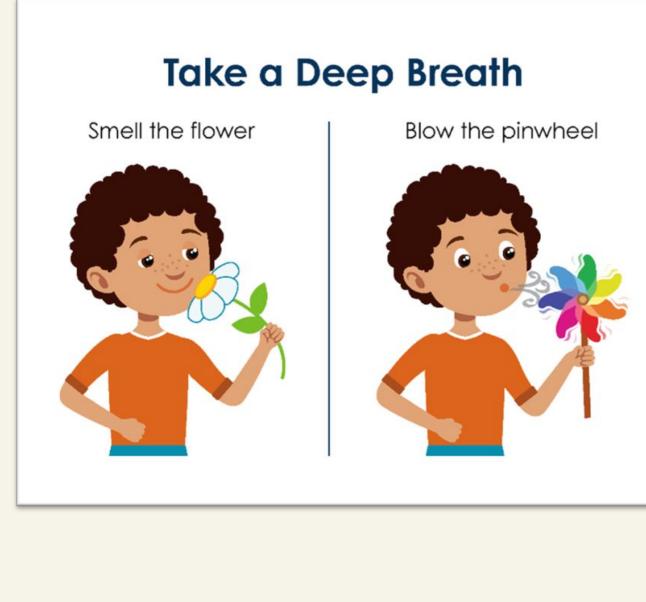
O The Bottom Line

Ariger is a feeling all parents and children expenses or from time to time. The goal is not to try to get rid of anger in your child or yourself, but rather to teach your child useful and acceptable ways to manage her feeling They can beach your child that anger 10.8 n healthy emotion and like other pry, sadness, frustrationi, anger needs to be expressed appropriately. A child who has b taught to recognize and understand anger herself and others will be less likely to expe-Ite a great taol for teaching this ad and print Tacker Tartie for fine The ability to manage feelings and solve problems is a life-long skill ne to be happy and healthy

The state



Tools for Breathing Exercises



Count to Ten



Place your finger on the red star to start. Follow the arrows and follow the breathing cues for breathing in and out as you trace the fingers of the hand with your finger



CALM DOWN YOGA FOR KIDS







I am strong.

I am kind.









l am friendly. 🍠





l am wise.



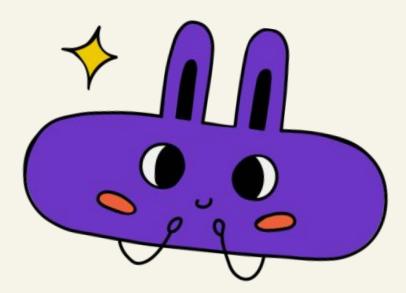
Childhood 101 & Kids Yoga Stories

Practice! Practice! Practice!

- Seek opportunities to practice throughout the day and night
- Help children link the emotion to events
- Describe what the emotion looks like to children make connections
- Remind children to use the skill in new situations
- Make it a game or activity while waiting in line.



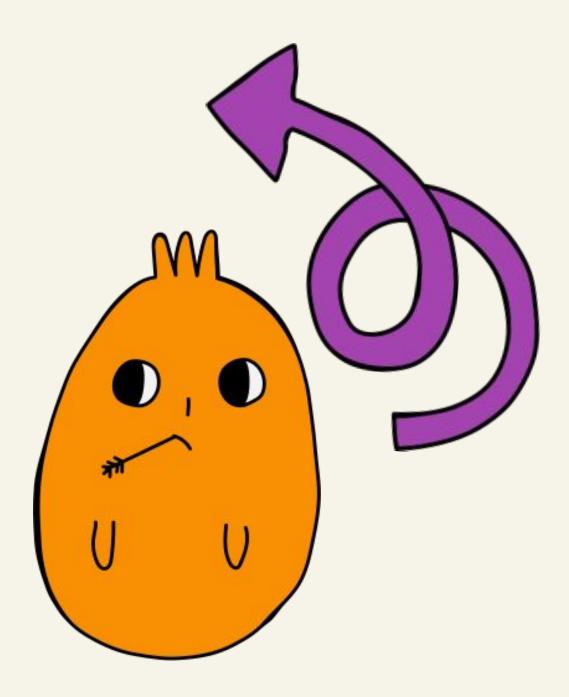




The Bottom Line

Children with a strong emotional vocabulary:

- Tolerate frustration better
- Get into fewer fights
- Engage in less destructive behavior
- Are healthier
- Are less lonely
- Are less impulsive
- Are more focused
- Have greater academic achievement



When do we seek help? **Community Resources**

Area Behavioral Health Agencies:

- Aaron Center, Dickson City
 - https://aaroncenter.com/ Ο
- **Bright Beginnings, Carbondale**
 - https://www.facebook.com/brightbeginningsts/ Ο
- **Family Enrichment Center, Scranton**
 - https://www.familyenrichmentcenter.com/ \bigcirc
- **Beyond Behavior**, Kingston
 - https://www.beyondbehaviorpa.com/ Ο
- Youth Advocate Program, Dunmore
 - https://www.yapinc.org/ Ο
- **Gregory Center, Multiple Locations**
 - https://www.thegregorycenter.com/ Ο
- Scranton Counseling Center, Scranton
 - https://scrantonscc.org/ Ο
- Children's Service Center, Wilkes-Barre
 - http://www.cscwv.org/csc/home/main.aspx Ο
- **Tiffany Griffiths & Associates, Multiple Locations**
 - https://www.drtiffanygriffiths.com/ \bigcirc
- Friendship House, Scranton
 - https://www.friendshiphousepa.org/ Ο

- - https://www.absgroupinc.org/ Ο
- **Evergreen Behavioral Intervention, Luzerne**
 - Ο
- - \bigcirc
- **ProABA**, **Plains**
 - https://proabaservices.org/ Ο
- - https://www.yapinc.org/ Ο
- **ABA Support Services, Bethlehem**
 - https://abasupportservices.com/ \bigcirc
- Prime ABA Consultants, Scranton
 - https://primeabaconsultants.com/ Ο
- Step By Step Inc., Wilkes-Barre
 - https://www.stepbystepusa.com/ Ο



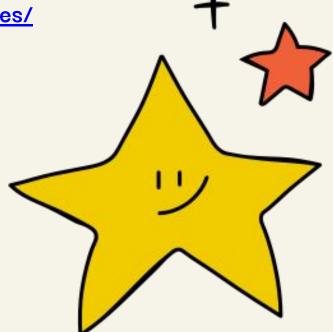
Autism Behavioral Health Services, Wyoming

https://www.facebook.com/EvergreenBIC/

Keystone Behavioral Health Services, Kingston

https://www.facebook.com/keystonebehaviorservices/

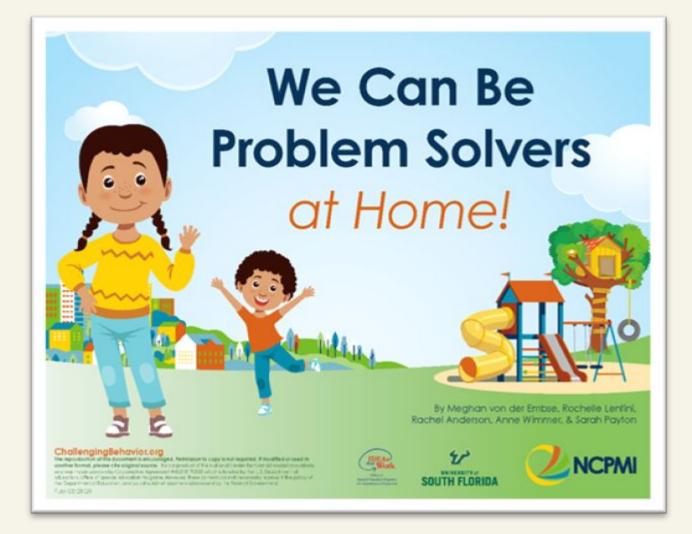
Youth Advocacy Programs Inc., New Milford



Additional

Resources

Solution Kit Home Edition:





Molly Weber

Molly Weber is the Early Intervention Program Coordinator at Northeastern Educational Intermediate Unit #19.

NO COST 6:00-7:00 pm Via Zoom

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